

Nephral ST

DESIGNED FOR:

OTHER APPLICABLE THERAPIES: **HFHD** (High flux) | **CONVECTIVE** (HDF-HF, AFB-K) | **AN69** ST (BPA-free)

MEMBRANE:

SPECIALIZED FOR HIGH BIOCOMPATIBILITY AND ADSORPTION

The Nephral ST dialyzer series features a heparin adsorptive hydrogel membrane, for a reduced use of heparin during dialysis. The membrane is designed to provide effective removal of uremic toxins and inflammatory mediators by adsorption.1

FOCUSED ON PATIENT BIOCOMPATIBILITY

- Different biocompatibility profile, compared to other fully synthetic membranes^{1,2}
- Nephral ST is a dialyzer for Acetate-Free-Biofiltration,3 which is a therapy that carries a lower long-term intradialytic hypotension rate and reduces systolic blood pressure by comparison with bicarbonate dialysis4
- May be an alternative for patients who have experienced hypersensitivity reactions to conventional membrane types⁵

WITH A UNIQUE ADSORPTION PROFILE

- The unique adsorptive capabilities of the surface treated AN69 ST membrane of the Nephral ST dialyzers may improve toxin removal efficiency1
- In addition to conventional middle molecule markers such as B_2 m, the **Nephral** ST dialyzers may also help enhance removal of cytokines such as TNF- α , IL-6 and IL- $8^{1.6}$
- The membrane is also able to bind heparin during priming with a pre-heparinized saline solution, 1,7 and may be used to minimize the risk associated with systemic heparinization^{7,8}



Nephral ST Specifications

MATERIALS	200	300	400	500		
Membrane	AN69 ST Acrylonitrile and Sodium methallyl sulfonate blend BPA-free					
Potting	Polyurethane (PUR)					
Housing	Polycarbonate (PC)					
Surface treatment agent	Polyethyleneimine (PEI)					
Protection caps	Polyethylene (PE): Blood caps (HDPE)/Dialysate caps (LDPE)					
Sterilization	Gamma ray (wet)					
Sterile barrier	PET/Aluminium/LDPE					
SPECIFICATIONS						
UF-Coefficient (mL/(h*mmHg))*	33	40	50	65		
KoA urea*	530	637	824	1045		
Blood Compartment volume (mL)	66	83	100	129		
Minimum recommended	1000 (at UFR = 2000 mL/h)					
priming volume (mL)	Heparinized solution: 5000 IU/L					
Maximum TMP (mmHg)	450					
Recommended Q _B (mL/min)	150-400	200-400	200-500	200-500		
Storage conditions	>4°C (or >39°F) and <30°C (or <86°F)					
Units per box	24					
Gross/net weight (g)	216/188	233/205	284/251	327/295		
MEMBRANE						
Effective Membrane Area (m²)	1.05	1.30	1.65	2.15		
Fiber inner diameter (µm)	210					
Fiber wall thickness (µm)	45.5					
SIEVING COEFFICIENTS*						
Vitamin B12 (1,4 kDa)	1.0					
Inulin (5,2 kDa)	0.96					
Myoglobin (17 kDa)	0.55					
Albumin (66,4 kDa)	<0.01					

CLEARANCES IN VITRO (mL/min)*	200	300	400	500
Urea (60 Da) (Q _B -Q _D , mL/min)				
200/500	173	181	189	195
300/500	216	231	250	265
400/500	241	261	287	310
500/500			311	338
Creatinine (113 Da)				
200/500	135	146	156	168
300/500	156	172	187	207
400/500	168	187	205	230
500/500			216	244
Phosphates (142 Da)				
200/500	156	166	176	184
300/500	187	204	220	237
400/500	205	226	246	269
500/500			263	290
Vitamin B12 (1.4 kDa)				
200/500	85	96	111	126
300/500	92	106	124	143
400/500	96	111	131	153
500/500			136	159

- UF-Coefficient: measured with bovine blood, Hct 32%, Pct 60g/L, at 37°C
- KoA urea: calculated at $\rm Q_B$ =300 mL/min, $\rm Q_D$ =500mL/min, UF=0 mL/min
- Sieving coefficients: measured with bovine plasma, $Q_{\rm B}$ =300 mL/min, UF=60 mL/min
- Clearances In-Vitro: measured at UF=0 mL/min, $\pm 10\%$ (excepted for vit.B12 $\pm 20\%$)
- 1. Thomas M, et al. AN69: Evolution of the world's first high permeability membrane AN69: Evolution of the world's first high permeability membrane. Contrib Nephrol 2011; 173:119-129.
- 2. Randoux C, et al. New insights in dialysis membrane biocompatibility. Kidney Int 2001; 60:1571-1577.
- 3. Santoro A, et al. Potassium Profiling in Acetate-free Biofiltration. Contrib to Nephrol 2002; 137(137):260-7.
- 4. Tessitore N, et al. Acetate-free biofiltration reduces intradialytic hypotension: a European multicenter randomized controlled trial. Blood Purif 2012; 34:354-363.
- 5. Coentrao L, et al. Treatment of severe dialysis reactions with the AN69-ST membrane: biocompatibility does matter. Nephrol Dial Transplant 2010; 10.1093.
- 6. Malard B, et al. Adsorption as a Contributor for Inflammatory Mediators Removal. Artif Organ 2017; 41:545-555.
- 7. Chanard J, et al. The clinical evaluation of low-dose heparin in haemodialysis: a prospective study using the heparin-coated AN69 ST membrane. Nephrol Dial Transplant 2008; 23:2003-2009
- 8. Kessler M, et al. Anticoagulation in chronic hemodialysis: progress toward an optimal approach. Semin Dial 2015; 28:474-489.

The products meet the applicable provisions of Annex I (Essential Requirements) and Annex II (Full quality assurance system of the Council Directive 93/42/EEC of 14 June 1993, amended by Directive 2007/47/EC)

For safe and proper use of the device, please refer to the Instructions for Use ϵ

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^{*} According to EN 1283/ISO 8637: